

DEFINING DEDICATED PLUS

DedicatedPlus projects, as permanent supportive housing projects, must serve an individual with a disability and families in which one adult or child has a disability. This is the same as the dedicated chronic beds.

DedicatedPlus projects, however, can allow a person who was chronically homeless into the project after receiving permanent housing assistance as noted by HUD under the following circumstances:

- “Residing in a place not meant for human habitation, emergency shelter, or safe haven; but the individuals or families experiencing chronic homelessness as defined by 24 CFR 578.3 had been admitted and enrolled in a permanent housing project within the last year and were unable to maintain a housing placement;” and
- “Residing in transitional housing funded by a Joint TH (Transitional Housing) and PH-RRH (Permanent Housing-Rapid Rehousing) component project and who were experiencing chronic homelessness as defined at 24 CFR 578.3 prior to entering the project.”

DedicatedPlus projects can also allow a person who was chronically homeless into the project under the following circumstances established by HUD:

- “Residing in a transitional housing project that will be eliminated and (the person) meets the definition of chronically homeless in effect at the time in which the individual or family entered the transitional housing project;” and
- “Receiving assistance through a Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)-funded homeless assistance program and met one of the above criteria at initial intake to the VA's homeless assistance system.”

Lastly, DedicatedPlus projects can also allow a chronically homeless person, as described by HUD as

- “Residing and has resided in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or emergency shelter for at least 12 months in the last three years, but has not done so on four separate occasions,” whereas the [Final Rule](#) requires at least four separate occasions in the last 3 years.