



Regional Task Force on the Homeless

San Diego City & County

Governance Charter

Operational Responsibilities and Authorities

Version **54.0**

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1. Introduction

The purpose of the Regional Task Force on the Homeless Governance Charter (Charter) is to describe the structure, composition, roles, responsibilities and committee formation of the organization.¹ On an annual basis, the Charter will be updated allowing for Regional Task Force on the Homeless (RTFH) response to environmental, regulatory, and strategic issues. This Charter incorporates the Bylaws of the RTFH with regard to its operations and stated roles and responsibilities.

In 2009, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) enacted the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act (HEARTH) that established a Continuum of Care (CoC) program to address homelessness and created specific rules, regulations and procedures to be competitive for federal dollars. The HEARTH Act also includes a provision to establish a "governance structure" that ensures an opportunity for all stakeholders to be included and participate in the CoC program.² Subsequently HUD released the 2012 Interim Rule detailing the requirements for CoC implementation of HEARTH.³

Serving as the San Diego City and County CoC 601, the Regional Continuum of Care Council (RCCC), a cross-sector stakeholder group established in 1998, reconstituted in 2014, and merged to become RTFH in January 2017 develops strategic policy as well as

¹ RTFH serves as San Diego City and County's Continuum of Care as defined in Section 578.5 of the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act (HEARTH) published in July 2012.

² Southern Nevada Homelessness Continuum of Care (CoC) Governance Structure

³ 24 CFR 578 HUD Interim Rule, CoC Program, effective August 30, 2012

coordinates resources needed to effectively address homelessness in San Diego.⁴

In its capacity as the CoC as well as the regional leadership and guidance organization on homelessness in the region, the RTFH is the authority and the central organization addressing homelessness in San Diego through the coordination of resources, evaluation of the crisis response system, development of strategies and implementation of best practices for dramatically reducing and ending homelessness. The RTFH is responsible for:

- Advocating for policies and essential services that promote fair housing, client well-being, and rights/protections under the law;
- Promoting a community-wide commitment to the goal of ending homelessness;
- Providing funding for efforts to quickly re-house individuals and families who are homeless, which minimizes the trauma and dislocation caused by homelessness;
- Promoting access to and effective use of mainstream programs and resources; and
- Optimizing self-sufficiency among individuals and families experiencing homelessness.⁵

2. Overview

The RTFH is a membership-based, collective impact organization originally formed in 1984 as the San Diego Mayor's Task Force on Homelessness, which later expanded to serve the full region as a community collaborative. In 2004, the RTFH became an independent 501(c)3 nonprofit that absorbed the RCCC to create a regional authority on homelessness in 2017. Goals adopted by the RCCC in 2015 note the need for stakeholder engagement well beyond the homeless and housing service delivery system in order to achieve the regional goal of ending homelessness by 2020.

San Diego envisions a system of care throughout the region that ensures all persons at-risk of or experiencing homelessness have a safe, supportive and permanent place to call home with services available to help them stay housed and improve the quality of their lives. The vision is ambitious, and possible. The community is building a future where homelessness is rare, brief, and non-recurring and in which there are sufficient resources, political leadership, and civic involvement to erase homelessness as a permanent fixture in our social landscape. The vision focuses on the principles of Housing First as well as quick access to permanent housing, strengths-based consumer relationships, coordination and collaboration with mainstream partners, provision of necessary services, policy and resource advocacy, comprehensive community education, and data-driven

⁴ Until 2017, the RCCC was an unincorporated association as defined under Section 18035 of the California Corporations Code. The RCCC no longer exists and its functions have been transferred to the RTFH.

⁵ <https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/CoC-Duties-Establishing-and-Operating-a-CoC-Slides.pdf>

decision-making.

This Charter memorializes the purpose of the collective impact initiative to end homelessness using the federally-defined CoC responsibilities, outlines the primary work of RTFH, and promotes partnership among the various leadership bodies.⁶ An organizational chart depicting the relationships amongst the various leadership bodies in the collective impact initiative may be found in Appendix F.

2.1 Mission

The mission of RTFH is to engage stakeholders in a community-based process that works to end homelessness for all individuals and families throughout the San Diego County region, address the underlying causes of homelessness, and to lessen the negative impact of homelessness on individuals, families and communities.

2.2 Geographic Boundaries

The RTFH includes total geography within the County of San Diego, including all (un)incorporated cities and areas. These boundaries contain other HUD designated program components, including Housing Authorities, HUD geocode areas, local Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Areas, communities eligible for State ESG funds, as well federally designated Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) entitlement areas, Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA), HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME), and U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) service areas. This geography is referred as the San Diego Region (Region). Various subdivisions are recognized within the Region such as Central, East, South, North Inland, and North Coastal areas.

2.3 Emergency Solutions Grant Entitlement Areas

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) funds are awarded to the San Diego ESG entitlement areas by HUD for the purpose of providing Essential Services, Shelter Operations, and assistance to persons who are homeless or at-risk of being homeless in the Region. The RTFH directly participates with jurisdictions that receive ESG funds. In each case, the RTFH consults with the jurisdiction to develop cooperative plans and strategies that leverage ESG and other resources to provide emergency shelter, prevention, and rapid re-housing services.

The RTFH and ESG entitlement areas are responsible for reporting and evaluating the performance of ESG program recipients and subrecipients. In response, the RTFH has prepared an ESG Guide that includes information about the responsibilities of the RTFH and ESG area, HUD regulations, cross-jurisdiction strategies, and policy statements.

⁶ CoC responsibilities outlined in 24 CFR Part 578.

Because the Guide is updated periodically, the most recent Guide is incorporated in its entirety in the Charter by reference here.

3.Assumptions/Constraints/Risks

3.1 Assumptions

For the purpose of this Charter, the RTFH is assuming its current structure remains in place but acknowledges change may occur due to efficiency studies underway.

3.2 Constraints

Implementation of this Charter is reliant on volunteer participation from members of the community and continued funding from HUD and other sources such as those providing match and leverage to RTFH programs.

3.3 Risks

Should no stakeholders agree to participate in the RTFH, the Region may not meet HUD HEARTH regulations. Non-compliance with federal regulations could result in reputational damage to RTFH, as well as jeopardize current and future funding. It is the responsibility of RTFH, as the lead coordinating group inclusive of the Homeless Management Information System Lead Agency and Collaborative Applicant, to ensure the effective implementation of the Charter.

4.Purpose & Responsibilities

4.1 Purpose

The purpose of RTFH is to assist in the coordination, development, and evaluation of services and housing for populations at-risk of and experiencing homelessness through planning, education and advocacy. To achieve this purpose RTFH will:

- Create a system for coordinated assessment and housing prioritization for the most chronic and vulnerable homeless individuals and families;
- Reinforce a Housing First philosophy for all homeless housing and service providers;
- Increase access to permanent housing through various means including rapid re-housing, permanent supportive housing, and other viable forms of permanent housing;
- Evaluate performance of services within the Region through data collection, analysis, and monitoring;
- Plan for and conduct an annual Point-In-Time Count (PITC) of homeless persons within the Region;

- Create capacity in communities throughout the Region to take ownership of and incorporate evidence-based practices to end homelessness;⁷ and
- Develop plans to fulfill the mission of ending homelessness for all individuals and families throughout the Region.

4.2 Roles & Responsibilities

The RTFH is, at minimum, responsible for all duties assigned by HUD under the CoC Program.⁸ This section defines the basic roles, responsibilities, and committee structures required for operation of RTFH. Appendix H provides a detailed overview of RTFH roles and responsibilities.

4.2.1 Full Membership

The RTFH garners community-wide commitment to ending and preventing homelessness by engaging stakeholders in all parts of the Region. In addition to the entities identified by HEARTH as required to participate in RTFH, the Full Membership includes a variety of community partners to the extent they are invested in ending homelessness and present in the Region. Examples of additional stakeholders include private foundations, philanthropists, employment development, and private health service organizations. Members can be individuals or representatives of organizations.

It is the responsibility of the **RTFH Full Membership (FM)** to:

- Establish a Board to act on behalf of RTFH. This Board must be representative of the relevant organizations and projects serving homeless sub-populations and include at least one homeless or formerly homeless individual;
- Adopt and follow a written process for selection of Board Members and review this process at least once every five years;
- Elect Homeless Service Provider seats annually;
- Elect Full Membership Liaison to the Board at discretion of FM;
- Ratify full slate of Board Members annually;
- Participate on Board Committees;
- In consultation with RTFH, follow and ratify annually a Governance Charter;
- Attend meetings of the FM, with published agendas, at least twice per year;
- Facilitate sharing of provider expertise and intervention strategies through Learning Collaboratives, as needed; and
- Inform and support the development of regional plans.

⁷ West Virginia Balance of State Governance Charter.

⁸ HUD identifies three major areas of responsibility for a CoC: operating a CoC; designing and operating a Homeless Management Information System and ensuring CoC planning.

4.2.2 Board

The Board is representative of the relevant organizations and projects serving people experiencing homelessness within the Region, including at least one homeless or formerly homeless individual. This cross-sector representative Board enhances the Region's capacity to coordinate and leverage resources from various sectors and carry-out its responsibilities.

It is the responsibility of the **Board** to:

- Select Board Members annually and fill vacancies as needed;
- Establish policies for RTFH operations including but not limited to written standards for providing homeless assistance, conflict of interest, recusal, and terms of assistance;
- Direct and evaluate performance of RTFH operations;
- Establish plans for reducing and ending homelessness in the Region:
 - Set regional goals and priorities for ending homelessness, including but not limited to HUD CoC and ESG targets;
 - Use data to inform planning processes, decisions, setting appropriate system level and program level performance and local and regional goals;
 - Ensure relevant organizations, funders, and projects serving homeless sub-populations are represented in planning and decision-making; and
 - Build community awareness and collaboration inclusive of the needs of all homeless populations for housing.
- Review, update, and approve annual Charter.
- Issue an annual report of homelessness in the region.
- Call and facilitate meetings of the FM. Meetings will be held, at minimum, twice annually;
- Designate a single Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) lead to operate the regional HMIS, designate a Coordinated Entry System (CES) lead and designate a Collaborative Applicant for the HUD CoC:
 - The RTFH is currently the management and operational organization designated for the HMIS, the CES and Collaborative Applicant for the San Diego City and County CoC 601.
- Establish priorities for funding for region and competitive annual HUD NOFA:
 - Authorize grant applications, raise and allocate funds, and approve sustainability plans.
 - Support RTFH Executive leadership and management, who must possess a comprehensive understanding of HUD regulations and detailed procedures associated with compliance with CoC, ESG, and HUD Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing (VASH) programs, including HMIS functions.
- With regard to CoC matters, the Board should hold at least four (4) open and public meetings per year, and should endeavor to operate in an open and transparent manner to the extent practicable.

4.2.3 Board Executive Committee

The Executive Committee provides a mechanism for Board leaders (Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary, Treasurer) to engage, within the limits set by Board policy and the bylaws, in decision making, oversight, and communication on important RTFH matters.

The Executive Committee has meetings during the year separate from the Board and are convened as needed by the Chair. The Executive Committee's actions are reported not later than the next meeting of the Board. **The Executive Committee** has the responsibility to:

- Act for the Board and make decisions on matters which:
 - Require action before the next Board meeting;
 - Have been specifically delegated by the Board to the Executive Committee; and
 - Affect the budget and require immediate action.
- Evaluate and make recommendations on financial policies, goals, and budgets.
- Act for the Board in the administration of established policies and programs, and make recommendations to the Board with respect to matters of policy and operations. May use a Working Group to assist in vetting items for Board and Executive Committee meetings; and
- Review RTFH activities and programs and recommend priorities.

4.2.4 Board Committees

The RTFH established Committees to provide advice on its primary activities, key issues or community initiatives. The following Committees are established as Standing Committees incorporating members of the FM and may only be disbanded by a change to the Charter. The Committees are as follows:

Audit Committee: Responsible for making recommendations to the Board on hiring and firing independent auditors, negotiating the auditor's compensation, conferring with the auditor to satisfy its members that the RTFH's financial affairs are in order, reviewing and determining whether to accept an audit, assuring non-audit services performed by the auditors conform with standards for auditor independence, and approving performance of any non-audit services provided by the auditor.

Evaluation Advisory Committee: Responsible for monitoring, evaluating and recommending improvements to enhance RTFH and RTFH Member Organization performance. Agencies receiving CoC funding are unable to participate in the annual rating and ranking process for HUD CoC funds.

The Evaluation Advisory Committee is responsible for advising on the Homeless system of care which includes;

- the CES regional support and effectiveness
- HMIS data system and/or other relevant data and systems
- Support of the HUD NOFA competitive process and collaborative application

- Regional Homeless System performance measures and metrics
- Review of [LSAAHAR](#), PITC and HIC
- Review of HUD CoC and ESG program monitoring and grievances of any corrective action or final funding recommendations of any competitive process RTFH may be party to; and
- Make recommendations to the Board for changes in CES or HMIS systems that require board and/or FM approval
- Report out to the Board at least annually
- Create a strategic annual plan with the RTFH staff to calendar activities and areas of focus for the committee

Governance Advisory Committee: The committee evaluates and recommends changes to improve RTFH's structure and ensure it is meeting the mission. Governance reviews Board Member nominations and provides recommendations to the Board. It also reviews the Charter and provides recommendations to the Board and FM.

Task Groups: Periodically, RTFH needs to complete specific, time limited tasks in order to comply with regulatory demands or to advance its goals and objectives. At the request of the Board, a temporary Task Group or Ad Hoc Committee may be formed to complete the identified task. These groups perform specific functions associated with completion of the task and are guided by and report to one of the established RTFH groups which may include the Board or a Committee.

4.2.5 Intergovernmental Council

In order to engage key government representatives in the effort to end homelessness, RTFH ~~will formed~~ an Intergovernmental Council (IC). The purpose of the IC ~~is will be~~ to promote and coordinate local government activities to assist homeless persons. The IC ~~will consist~~ of current public officials representing various levels of government such as cities, county, state, and federal. The positions of Chairperson and Vice Chairperson ~~are will be~~ elected and rotate among the represented agencies on an annual basis.

The ~~IC will have~~ has various duties, including:

- Fill the two Elected Official seats on the Board;
- Meet regularly and serve in an advisory role to the Board; and
- Review local activities and programs assisting people experiencing homelessness to ensure alignment with RTFH policy and plans such as CES participation.

4.2.6 Management and Operations

RTFH management and staff provide infrastructure support to the Board, Full Membership and Committees. The CEO is responsible for the direct management

Examples of areas of the Management and Operations contracted responsibilities include but are not limited to:

- Provide leadership and guidance on regional homelessness issues
- Collaborative Applicant
- HMIS Lead
- CES Administration & Oversight
- Performance Monitoring and Evaluation
- Point-in-Time Count Coordination
- Full Membership Coordination including Annual Recruitment
- Support to Board, Executive Officers, and Committees
- Website & Document Portal Management
- General Point-of-Contact
- Fundraising
- Community Outreach & Education

Appendix A: Record of Changes

The RTFH Governance Charter will be updated annually. The table below will be used to provide the version number, the date of the version, the author/owner of the version, and a brief description of the reason for creating the revised version should any changes be made.

Table 1: Record of Changes

Version Number	Date	Author/Owner	Description of Change
1.0	4/28/15	RCCC	Administrative changes
2.0	3/28/16	N&S Charter Sub-Committee	New format, condensed verbiage, added by-laws, governance structure modification
3.0	5/4/2017	N&S Committee	Changes to align with merging of RCCC & RTFH
4.0	5/11/2018	N&S Committee	Administrative changes
			TO BE COMPLETED

Appendix B: Acronyms

Table 2: Acronyms

Acronym	Literal Translation
CA	Collaborative Applicant
CES	Coordinated Entry System
CDBG	Community Development Block Grant
CoC	Continuum of Care
ESG	Emergency Solutions Grant
FM	Full Membership
HEARTH	Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act
HMIS	Homeless Management Information System
HOME	HOME Investment Partnerships Program
HOPWA	Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS
HUD	U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development
IC	Intergovernmental Council
IO	Infrastructure Organization
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
N&S	Nominations & Selection Advisory Committee – renamed Governance Advisory Committee (2018)
NOFA	Notice of Funding Availability
PITC	Point-in-Time Count
RCCC	Regional Continuum of Care Council
VA	U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs

Appendix C: Glossary

Table 3: Glossary

Term	Definition
Collaborative Applicant	The Collaborative Applicant is the entity that submits the annual CoC Consolidated Application for funding and is charged with collecting and combining the application information from all applicants for all projects within the RTFH's geographic area.
Collective Impact	Commitment of a group of important actors from different sectors to a common agenda for solving a specific social problem. Unlike most collaborations, collective impact initiatives involve a centralized infrastructure, a dedicated staff, and a structured process that leads to a common agenda, shared measurement, continuous communications, and mutually reinforcing activities among all participants.
Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)	CDBG, one of the longest-running programs of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, funds local community development activities such as affordable housing, anti-poverty programs, and infrastructure development.
Consolidated Plan	The Consolidated Plan is designed to help states and local jurisdictions to assess their affordable housing and community development needs and market conditions, and to make data-driven, place-based investment decisions. The consolidated planning process serves as the framework for a community-wide dialogue to identify housing and community development priorities that align and focus funding from the CPD formula block grant programs: CDBG, HOME, ESG, and HOPWA. The Consolidated Plan is carried out through Annual Action Plans, which provide a concise summary of the actions, activities, and the specific federal and non-federal resources that will be used each year to address the priority needs and specific goals identified by the Consolidated Plan. Grantees report on accomplishments and progress toward Consolidated Plan goals in the Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER).
Continuum of Care (CoC)	A CoC is a regional or local planning body that coordinates housing and services funding for homeless families and individuals.
Coordinated Entry System (CES)	CES is a system designed to coordinate program participant intake, assessment, and provision of referrals for housing placement. The system covers the Region, is easily accessed by individuals and families seeking housing or services, is well advertised, and includes a comprehensive and standardized assessment tool.

Term	Definition
Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)	The ESG program provides funding to: (1) engage homeless individuals and families living on the street; (2) improve the number and quality of emergency shelters for homeless individuals and families; (3) help operate these shelters; (4) provide essential services to shelter residents, (5) rapidly re-house homeless individuals and families, and (6) prevent families/individuals from becoming homeless.
Geo Code Area	A particular geographic location identified with a six-digit number by HUD and used for annual allocation of funds. The characterization is based on population statistics such as the average age or income of its inhabitants.
Geographic Boundaries	Includes all geography within the County of San Diego, including (un)incorporated cities and areas.
Board	Body leading the collective impact initiative that oversees RTFH functions.
Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act of 2009	On May 20, 2009, President Obama signed the HEARTH Act of 2009. The HEARTH Act amends and reauthorizes the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act with substantial changes, including a consolidation of HUD's competitive grant programs.
HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME)	HOME is a type of United States federal assistance provided by HUD to States in order to provide decent and affordable housing, particularly housing for low- and very low-income Americans.
Homeless Management Information System (HMIS)	HMIS is a local information technology system used to collect client-level data and data on the provision of housing and services to homeless individuals and families and persons at risk of homelessness.
Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) Lead	Entity designated by the RTFH in accordance with HEARTH to operate HMIS.
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	To help take care of the housing needs of low-income people who are living with HIV/AIDS and their families.
Housing Authority	A housing authority is generally a governmental body that governs some aspect of a region's housing, often providing low rent or free apartments to qualified residents.
Housing First	Housing First is a recovery-oriented approach to ending homelessness that centers on quickly moving people experiencing homelessness into independent and permanent housing and then providing additional supports and services as needed.
Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)	An MOU is a formal agreement between two or more parties. Companies and organizations can use MOUs to establish official partnerships. MOUs are not legally binding but they carry a degree of seriousness and mutual respect.

Term	Definition
Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)	PSH is a program that helps eligible people find a permanent home and also get local mental health services but only if and when they need that help.
Point-in-Time Count (PITC)	The PITC is a count of sheltered and unsheltered homeless persons on a single night in January. HUD requires that CoCs conduct an annual count of homeless persons who are sheltered in emergency shelter, transitional housing, and Safe Havens on a single night and unsheltered at least biennially.
Prevention Programs	Homeless Prevention Programs provide rental assistance, utility assistance and supportive services directly related to the prevention of homelessness to eligible individuals and families who are in danger of eviction, foreclosure or homelessness.
Rapid Re-Housing (RRH)	RRH is an intervention, informed by a Housing First approach that is a critical part of a community's effective homeless crisis response system. It quickly connects families and individuals experiencing homelessness to permanent housing through a tailored package of assistance that may include the use of time-limited financial assistance and targeted supportive services.
Regional Continuum of Care Council (RCCC)	The RCCC was a cross-sector stakeholder group established in 1998, reconstituted in 2014, and merged with the Regional Task Force on the Homeless in 2017 to develop strategic policy as well as coordinate resources needed to effectively address homelessness in San Diego.
RTFH Member	RTFH members can be an individual, agency and/or department within a political subdivision who are concerned with and/or providing services to the various homeless sub-populations furthering the direction of the RTFH. An agency and/or department with more than one individual representing that organization will be recognized as one member.
RTFH Individual Member	RTFH full individual membership is designed for those interested in and committed to ending homelessness, including consumers, students, educators, San Diego residents, and others. Individuals who care about the quality of services provided to persons experiencing homelessness, who want to ensure they are meeting their needs to the greatest extent possible are individual RTFH members.
RTFH Organizational Member	RTFH Organizational Membership is open to organizations, corporations and agencies interested in supporting the RTFH's commitment to ending homelessness.
Recipient	An eligible entity that signs a grant agreement for a specified funding source.
Sub-population (homeless)	For the purpose of the Charter, sub-populations are referring to categories of individuals with related, yet distinct, needs that can be addressed through a CoC. Representation of sub-populations as required by HEARTH must be reflected on the Board.

Term	Definition
Sub-recipient	Eligible entity that receives a sub-grant from the recipient to carry-out a project.
U.S. Department of Housing & Urban Development (HUD)	A U.S. government agency created in 1965 to support community development and increase home ownership.
U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)	The VA is a government-run military veteran benefit system with Cabinet-level status.

Appendix D: Referenced Documents

This table summarizes the relationship of the Charter to other relevant documents. Here, identifying information for all documents used to arrive at and/or referenced within this document will be provided (e.g., related and/or companion documents, prerequisite documents, relevant technical documentation, etc.).

Table 4: Referenced Documents

Document Name	Document Location and/or URL	Issuance
Alameda County CoC/ EveryOne Home Governance Charter	http://everyonehome.org/wp-content/uploads/2016/02/CoCs-Governance-Charter.pdf	June 2015
Continuum of Care Duties	https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/CoC-Duties-Establishing-and-Operating-a-CoC-Slides.pdf	NA
ESG Guide	TBD	TBD
HEARTH Act	https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/HomelessAssistanceActAmendedbyHEARTH.pdf	May 2009
HUD Interim Rule	https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/CoCProgramInterimRule_FormattedVersion.pdf	August 2012
Notice Establishing Additional Requirements for a Continuum of Care Centralized or Coordinated Assessment System	https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/Notice-CPD-17-01-Establishing-Additional-Requirements-or-a-Continuum-of-Care-Centralized-or-Coordinated-Assessment-System.pdf	January 2017
RTFH By-Laws	http://nebula.wsimg.com/295b6dc187e4b55049160278c72dfe76?AccessKeyId=84F4D43D27BED21A7BD2&disposition=0&alloworigin=1	January 2016
Southern Nevada Homelessness CoC Governance Structure	http://www.helphopehome.org/	August 2014
West Virginia Balance of State CoC Charter	Drop Box (will update with URL once finalized)	October 2015

Appendix E: Approvals

The undersigned acknowledge they have reviewed the Charter and agree with the information presented within this document. Changes to this Charter will be coordinated with, and approved by, the undersigned, or their designated representatives.

Instructions: List the individuals whose signatures are desired. Examples of such individuals are RTFH Board Chair, RTFH Board Vice-Chair, RTFH President & CEO, and any other appropriate stakeholders.

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Print Name: _____

Title: _____

Role: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Print Name: _____

Title: _____

Role: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Print Name: _____

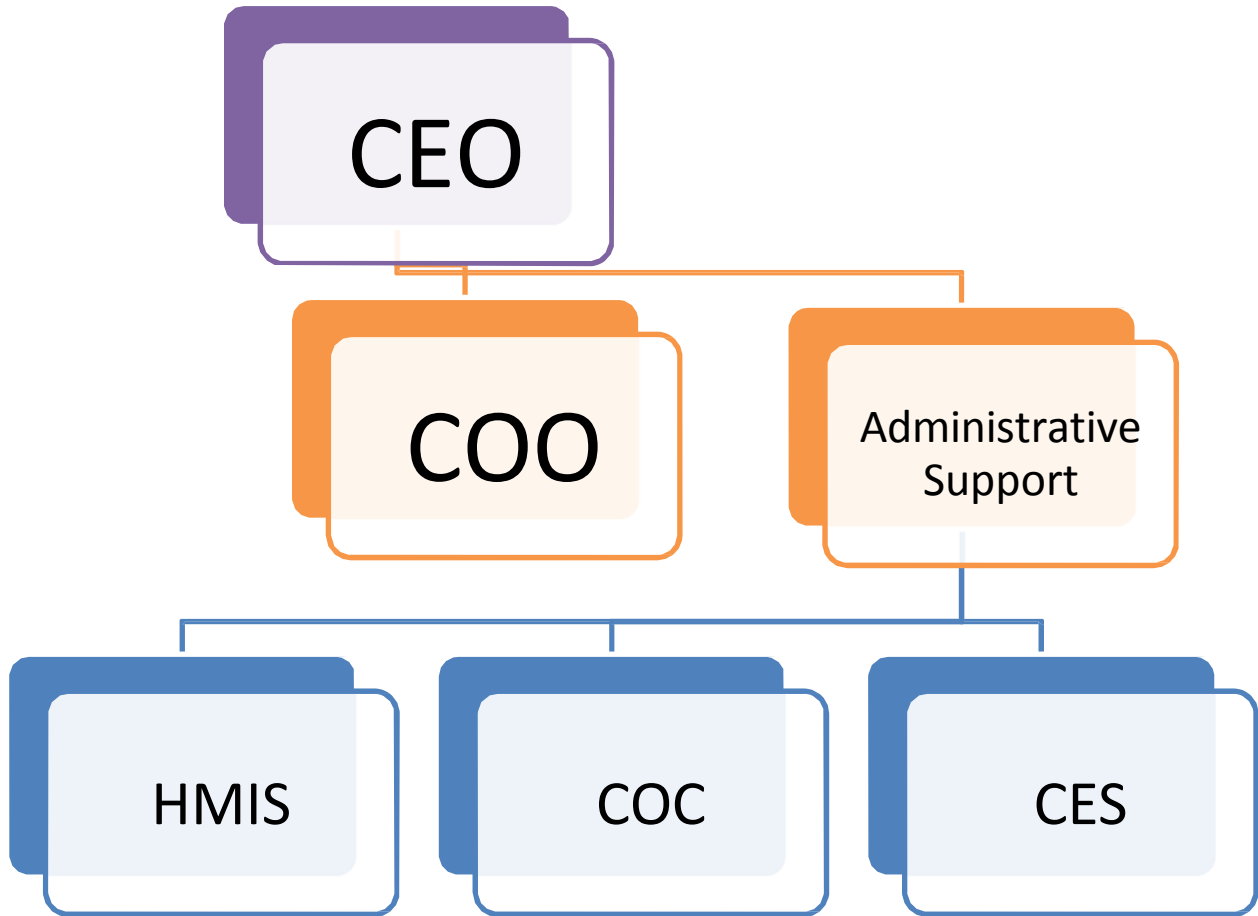
Title: _____

Role: _____

Appendix F: Organizational Chart

Table 5: RTFH Board Organizational Chart

Table 6: RTFH Staff Organizational Chart



Appendix G: RTFH Board Structure

Table 6: RTFH Board Structure

Board Structure		Sub-Population Representation	Organizational Representative
<i>Appointed Seats</i>	County Health and Human Services Agency	Homeless Families with children Unaccompanied youth (UY) Seniors Veterans Chronic homeless Substance abuse Co-Occurring Disorders Victims of domestic violence Seriously mentally ill Transition Age Youth (TAY) HIV/AIDS Human trafficking Unaccompanied women	Charged with coordinating efforts of all health and human services providers.
	Public Housing Authority: County of San Diego Department of Housing and Community Development		Charged with coordinating efforts with all other public housing authorities within the Region.
	Public Housing Authority: San Diego Housing Commission		
	San Diego Workforce Partnership		Charged with coordinating efforts of all employment agencies and workforce development services providers.
	United Way of San Diego County		Charged with coordinating collective impact efforts.
	U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs		Charged with coordinating efforts of all homeless Veterans providers.
<i>Community Stakeholders</i>	Homeless / Formerly Homeless		Charged with representing all homeless individuals or formerly homeless individuals.
	Homeless Service Provider – General, Central, East, North Coastal, North Inland, and South Bay Regions (6)		Charged with coordinating efforts with all service providers in the designated region. Preference given to emerging needs and regions under the General Homeless Service Provider seat.
	Education		Charged with coordinating efforts with all education organizations.
	Health (3)		Charged with coordinating efforts with all <u>health and behavioral health care</u> providers. <u>Preference for at least one seat given to consumers/individuals with lived experience.</u>

	Law Enforcement / Justice System		Charged with coordinating efforts with all other public law enforcement agencies within the Region.
	Business (3)		Charged with coordinating efforts with all business organizations. Preference given to affordable housing developers.
	Elected Official (2)		Charged with coordinating efforts with all jurisdictions within the Region.
	Funder (2)		Charged with coordinating efforts of philanthropy.
	Faith Community		Charged with coordinating efforts of all faith-based organizations.
	Technology Business		Charged with coordinating efforts of all technology organizations.
	Homeless Advocate		Charged with advocating on behalf of persons experiencing homelessness.
	Flexible (3)		Charged with coordinating efforts in their sectors. Preference given to consumers/ individuals with lived experience , affordable housing developers, and County of San Diego law enforcement agencies.

Appendix H: RTFH Roles & Responsibilities

Table 6: RTFH Roles & Responsibilities

Responsibility	Required Activity	Responsible Stakeholder(s):
Operate the RTFH	Hold meetings of the FM, with published agendas, at least twice per year. One meeting will be the Annual Meeting.	Board RTFH Staff
	Make an invitation for new members to join publicly available within the geographic area at least annually. Ensure an updated membership roster is maintained.	RTFH Staff
	Adopt and follow a written process to select a Board and its members to act on behalf of RTFH. The process must be reviewed, updated, and approved by the Board and FM at least once every 5 years.	Board FM RTFH Staff
	Appoint additional committees, subcommittees, or workgroups.	Board
	Participate in Committees, additional committees, subcommittees, or workgroups.	Board FM RTFH Staff
	Develop, follow, and update annually a Charter, which will comply with HEARTH and all other applicable regulations.	Board FM Governance Advisory Committee HMIS Lead Collaborative Applicant RTFH Staff
	Establish performance targets appropriate for population and program type, monitor recipient and sub-recipient performance, evaluate outcomes, and take action against poor performers. This includes ESG and CoC funded programs.	Board Evaluation Advisory Committee RTFH Staff Recipient
	Establish and operate a CES system that provides an initial, comprehensive assessment of the needs of individuals and families for housing and services.	Board Evaluation Advisory Committee

		RTFH Staff
	Establish and consistently follow written standards and policies for providing homeless assistance inclusive of CoC and ESG programs.	Board Evaluation Committee RTFH Staff Advisory
	Designate a single HMIS for the Region.	Board
	Direct and evaluate performance of RTFH.	Board
	Provide support to Board, Executive Officers, and Committees. In addition, manage the Website & Document Portal and serve as the RTFH's general Point-of-Contact as directed by the Board. Conduct community outreach and engagement as appropriate.	RTFH Staff
	Review RTFH activities and act on behalf of the Board as designated by the Board.	Executive Committee
Designating and operating an HMIS	Designate an eligible applicant to manage the RTFH's HMIS, which will be known as the HMIS Lead.	Board
	Review, revise, and approve a privacy plan, security plan, and data quality plan for the HMIS.	HMIS Lead Evaluation Committee Advisory
	Ensure consistent participation of recipients and sub-recipients in the HMIS.	HMIS Lead RTFH Staff
	Ensure the HMIS is administered in compliance with requirements prescribed by HUD.	HMIS Lead Evaluation Committee RTFH Staff Advisory
Continuum of Care planning	Coordinate the implementation of a housing and service system within the Region that meets the needs of homeless individuals (including unaccompanied youth) and families. At a minimum, such system encompasses the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Outreach, engagement, and assessment; • Shelter, housing, and supportive services; and • Prevention strategies. 	Board Evaluation Committee RTFH Staff Advisory
	Planning for and conducting, at least biennially, a PITC of homeless persons within the Region.	RTFH Staff

	Establish plans for ending homelessness in the Region.	Board IC RTFH Staff
	Conduct an annual analysis including gaps of homeless systems needs and services available within the Region.	RTFH Staff HMIS Lead
	Provide information required to complete the Consolidated Plan(s) within the Region.	RTFH Staff
	Consult with ESG program recipients within the Region on the plan for allocating ESG funds as well as reporting on and evaluating the performance of ESG program recipients and sub-recipients.	Evaluation Advisory Committee HMIS Lead RTFH Staff
	Identify and apply for competitive homeless-related federal, state, and local grants, as appropriate.	Board Collaborative Applicant RTFH Staff
	Facilitate Learning Collaboratives to help assure the use of evidence-based programs and other innovations with fidelity and benefit to consumers.	FM RTFH Staff
	Issue annual report of homelessness in the region.	Board RTFH Staff
	Develop, as appropriate, and review solicitation responses for the RTFH and provide recommendations to the Board.	RTFH Staff
	Actively engage with RTFH stakeholders.	Board RTFH Staff